ACADEMIC REQUIREMENTS

Please note that these requirements apply to students entering Vesalius College during the academic year 2015/16. Students who entered in previous years are bound by the requirements in the catalogue for their year of entry unless specific changes have been implemented that apply to the requirements of that entry year or they shift over entirely to the requirements of a subsequent catalogue.

General Requirements

In order to graduate, students must have:

- Earned 180 ECTS credits or more, at least 90 of which must be taken at Vesalius College. Unless granted special permission, students should be registered at Vesalius College in the semester preceding graduation
- Achieved a grade point average of at least 2.0 for all of the courses taken at the College (cumulative GPA requirement)
- Achieved a grade point average of at least 2.0 for all of the courses taken in the student’s chosen major field (major GPA requirement)
- Met all requirements of the core curriculum as described either in the catalogue for their year of admission to the College
- Met all requirements of the chosen major field as described in the catalogue of their year of admission to the College. At least half of the 120 ECTS in major requirements and electives must be completed at Vesalius College

Meeting the degree requirements is the student’s responsibility

Honours and Diplomas

Students who graduate with no disciplinary sanction on record are awarded their degree with honours as follows:
- Summa Cum Laude (cumulative GPA of at least 3.8)
- Magna Cum Laude (cumulative GPA of at least 3.6)
- Cum Laude (cumulative GPA of at least 3.4)

The graduation diploma is a numbered official document issued by Vesalius College. Legally it can only be issued ONCE-no replacement document is possible. It is signed by the Chairperson of the Board of Vesalius College, the Dean and the Chairperson of the Student’s Academic Standing Committee. Each diploma records the student’s name, the degree earned and the date of graduation. It is only possible to issue diplomas for the Bachelor’s programme twice a year. A graduate’s diploma will be available for collection IN PERSON.
ECTS Credit System

The European Credit Transfer System was created in the 1990s to facilitate movement among institutions of higher education in Europe. ECTS credits are calibrated to the student workload required to complete them. They reflect the quantity of work each course requires in relation to the total quantity of work required to complete a full year of academic study at the institution, that is, lectures, practical work, seminars, private study and examinations or other assessment activities. In ECTS 60 credits represent one year of study. ECTS credits are allocated to courses and are awarded to students who successfully complete those courses by passing the examinations or other assessments. At Vesalius College’s BA programme a year’s work involves ten courses, each of which counts for 6 ECTS credits.

The GPA

The grade point average (GPA) is a summary measure of a student’s academic performance. Calculating the GPA is straightforward. Letter grades are first translated into numerical equivalents according to the following scale:

- A  4.0
- A-  3.7
- B+  3.3
- B  3.0
- B-  2.7
- C+  2.3
- C  2.0
- C-  1.7
- D+  1.3
- D  1.0
- F 0.0

The numerical equivalents are multiplied by the number of credits for each course and this total is divided by the total number of credits. To take an example, suppose that a student’s grades for a semester were A- (for a 7.5 ECTS credits course), C+ (for a 6 ECTS credits course), B- (for a 7.5 ECTS credits course), and C (for a 7.5 ECTS credits course). The semester grade point average would be calculated as 

\[
\frac{(3.7 \times 7.5) + (2.3 \times 6) + (2.7 \times 7.5) + (2.0 \times 7.5)}{28.5} = 76.8 / 28.5 = 2.69.
\]

There are several different grade point averages:

- Semester GPA based on the grades for one semester
- Cumulative GPA based on the grades for all courses taken to date
- Major GPA based on the grades only for courses in the major field

Academic Core Requirements

The Academic Core develops skills and attitudes essential to the College’s distinctive programme of undergraduate education. They include:

- Two courses in academic writing and critical thinking (HUM 101P, HUM 201P)
- One course in statistics (STA 101P) (not for International & European Law students)

The courses in academic writing and critical thinking teach skills that are crucial for later work in the student’s major field. Inter-disciplinary readings, research and discussion broaden and enhance the student’s experience and understanding outside the chosen field of study. Students may not take courses at the 300-level until they have successfully completed all requirements for HUM 201P.
The course in **statistics** teaches important skills in the interpretation of quantitative information. The emphasis of the course is on analytical reasoning and empirical inquiry.

**Free electives**

**Free electives** are entirely at the student’s choice. They may be used to explore fields of study outside the major, to deepen work in the major field, or to develop language or other skills. Students can take 5 free electives (30 ECTS credits).

**Major Requirements and Major Electives**

In addition to the academic core and free electives (see below), students study one field of knowledge in depth. This is their major, in which they will take 20 courses for a total of 120 ECTS credits. The majors available at the College are business, communications, international affairs and international and European law. All four majors are designed to prepare students for continued study at the Master’s level.

Each major has a number of courses that are required of all students in the major. These major requirements provide the basic knowledge and skills needed to do further work in the subject. They may also involve work in supporting disciplines.

Each major also offers the student room for choice. **Major electives** can be used to sample a variety of topics and to develop areas of personal and eventual professional interest.

The basic schema for each major may be subject to further specification and/or minor modifications as the new programmes and courses are implemented.

**Business**

Students majoring in Business at Vesalius College learn how businesses are organised and managed, how they generate value and how they operate in the larger economic, social, legal and political context. In addition, the programme nurtures essential skills including working in teams, collecting and analysing quantitative information, writing and speaking effectively, as well as using information technology confidently. The Business major is organised so that students are first given a fundamental background in the core elements of business including: economics, accounting and finance, operations and marketing.

The learning objectives of the programme are:

**1) Acquire knowledge and understanding of:**

- Business and its functional fields (management and organization, human resources, accounting, finance, operations, and marketing)
- Firms and markets
- The external environment
- The international dimension of business
- Entrepreneurship and innovation
- Quantitative and qualitative research
- General education
2) **Apply knowledge and understanding:**
- Get acquainted with the academic literature and be able to locate pertinent and relevant information on a specific topic
- Identify, analyze and solve a problem
- Input data, generate and interpret results, and identify additional need for research
- Apply the knowledge on the job

3) **Judgement:**
- Being able to critically evaluate existing research, question the status quo, and provide alternative solution possibilities
- Process and analyze data, using the appropriate tools
- Recognize the international dimension of business
- Assess how business decisions affect people and the internal and external environment
- Assess whether business decisions are ethical

4) **Communication:**
- Write an analysis on a current issue in: business, economics, other field
- Present and defend an issue orally
- Participate in debates with peers
- Present the results of an analysis to non-specialists

5) **Attitudes:**
- Work independently
- Work with others, take on responsibility and show leadership
- Work in team with people from diverse cultures and backgrounds, to include the ability to work in virtual teams due to different locations of team members
- Be curious, inquisitive
- Develop an attitude of life-long learning
- Acquire understanding of diversity
- Be ethical, professional and self-critical
- Develop to become a well-rounded, critical citizen

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**Academic Core (7.5 ECTS credits each)**
30 ECTS credits

Composition for Academic Communication (HUM 101P)
Writing and Critical Inquiry (HUM 201P)
Quantitative Methods (STA 101P)
A course determined by Business Department

**Free Electives**
30 ECTS credits

**Major Requirements**
90 ECTS credits

**Principles (7.5 ECTS credits each)**
Business (BUS 101P)
Accounting (BUS 141P)
Economics (ECN 101P)
Business Law (LAW 111P)
Intermediate Courses (6 ECTS credits each)
- Human Resources Management (BUS 211G)
- Corporate Finance (BUS 221G)
- Marketing (BUS 231G)
- Intermediate Macroeconomics (ECN 201G)
- Methods: Mathematics for Business and Economics (MTH 201G)

Advanced Courses (6 ECTS credits each)
- Operations Management (BUS 311G)
- Financial Markets and Investments (BUS 321G)
- Business Information Systems (BUS 351G)
- Intermediate Microeconomics (ECN 311G)
- Intermediate Statistics (STA 301G)

Major Electives (6 ECTS credits each) 30 ECTS credits

Students should take 5 major electives, of which one capstone course. Major electives are 200- or 300-level BUS or ECN courses that are not taken as a major requirement. Any of the 200- or 300-level BUS or ECN courses not listed as major requirements may be taken as major electives, including courses from the summer program. Should students wish, a maximum of 2 major electives may be taken from the following options in other disciplines:

Communication:
- Intercultural Communication (CMM 201G)
- Corporate Communication and Public Relations (CMM 242G)
- Marketing Communication & Advertising (CMM 341G)

Law:
- Current Challenges in International Law (LAW 301G)
- Environmental Law (LAW 302G)

Politics:
- European Union Politics (POL 231G)
- Policies in the European Union (POL 333G)

Honour’s Essay (HON 393G)
Internship (INT 381G)

Other courses, including summer courses, may be counted as a major elective only with the written approval of the Business Department.

Students may compose their major electives towards a minor. For students taking a minor, please consult the section on minors (page 25).

Communication

The objective of the Communication Studies programme is to produce competent and ethical communicators who can demonstrate a proficiency in research and theory of the discipline of Communication Science.
Throughout the programme students develop a conceptual understanding of communication and its social, economic, political and cultural dimensions. They learn the function and organisation of political institutions and business industries as well as the social responsibilities of professional communicators. In addition to a conceptual approach, students are trained in essential practical skills including researching, evaluating, organising, writing, editing and presenting information for a variety of audiences.

Furthermore, as Brussels is one of the largest global communications centres and home not only to the world’s largest press corps, the European Union and NATO but also to a multitude of political organisations and international businesses, students studying Communication at Vesalius College have many valuable learning opportunities which are not available elsewhere. They can take internships at one of many organisations to support their specific professional ambitions in addition to developing contacts and a professional network that will be invaluable as they advance with their career. During their studies, students may also choose from four available concentrations.

Finally, students are also prepared for continued study at the graduate level in various communication fields including journalism, human communication, mass communication, business communication, political communication, intercultural communication, film studies, European communications studies, media studies and cultural studies.

The ‘vision’ of the Programme is translated into the list of the 12 Broad Intended Learning Outcomes hereunder:

1. To acquire knowledge of Communication Studies as a science and understand and compare the academic literature of different fields of Communication studies (human, mass, organisational, intercultural, political and business communication, journalism studies, strategic communication, and media production, research and development).

2. To promote the understanding and critical reflection of occupational, regulatory, ethical, technological, political, economic, and cultural factors in communication and different media industries, and be able to assess their impact.

3. To know and be able to apply the main social science research methods in the design and execution of communication projects, independently or in a team.

4. To gain insight into the functioning and be able to critically analyse data and communication processes of media companies, as well as governments, business firms and other organisations and assist problem solving.

5. To be highly skilled in oral and written communication and be able to successfully address diverse audiences.

6. To understand the ethical aspects of the work and the social responsibilities of professional communicators in different contexts such as interpersonal, small group and organisational communication, journalism, new media, public relations and marketing, in a comparative intercultural perspective.
7. To learn the principles of economics and management of the communication industry.

8. To understand the international aspects of the communication industry.

9. To be able to analyse the media governance structures of different media landscapes and triangulate the legal, market and civil society aspects of communication policies.

10. To get acquainted with topics that impact and go beyond the Communication industry, such as terrorism, environmental issues, emerging economies, etc. and be able to use perspectives from other social sciences.

11. To be able to work efficiently in multinational environments.

12. To be prepared to pursue a Master’s degree in all the different fields of Communication Studies (get stimulated to lifelong learning) and/or attain a high-level occupation in a relevant field.

### Academic Core (7.5 ECTS credits each) 30 ECTS credits

- Composition for Academic Communication (HUM 101P)
- Writing and Critical Inquiry (HUM 201P)
- Mass Communication (CMM 102P)
- Quantitative Methods (STA 101P)

### Free Electives 30 ECTS credits

### Major Requirements 90 ECTS credits

#### Principles (7.5 ECTS credits each)
- Business (BUS 101P)
- Human Communication (CMM 101P)
- Economics (ECN 101P)
- Politics (POL 101P)

#### Intermediate Courses (6 ECTS credits each)
- Intercultural Communication (CMM 201G)
- Organizational Communication (CMM 241G)
- Political Communication (CMM 251G)
- European Union Politics (POL 231G)
- Intermediate Research Methods (POL 271G)

#### Advanced Courses (6 ECTS credits each)
- Communication Theories (CMM 301G)
- International Communication (CMM 322G)
- Marketing Communication and Advertising (CMM 341G)
- European Communication Policies (CMM 351G)
- Methods: Rhetoric (CMM 371G)
**Major Electives**

CMM 391G and any of the 200- or 300-level CMM courses not listed as major requirements may be taken as major electives. Should students wish, major electives may be taken from the following:

- Ethics for Economics and Business (ECN 312G)
- Honour's essay (HON 393G)
- Internship (INT 381G)

Other courses, including summer courses, may be counted as a major elective only with the written approval of the Communication Department.

Students may compose their major electives towards a minor. For students taking a minor, please consult the section on minors (page 25).

**International Affairs**

Students majoring in International Affairs at Vesalius College acquire broad-ranging tools and in-depth capabilities for assessing the most pressing issues in national and global politics. Students learn about the core global processes, norms, dynamics, systemic changes and the impact of major power relations and International Organizations that influence and shape contemporary International Affairs. Combining a strong emphasis on Brussels-based politics (including policy-oriented analysis of the European Union and NATO) with a comprehensive curriculum that allows students to explore the most important themes in global politics, the programme equips students with the essential skills and knowledge for a career in international affairs.

The curriculum is structured so that students in their first year acquire core skills for analyzing quantitative data, for critical thinking, for writing and presenting confidently and effectively and for successful team-work as well as principal knowledge in politics, economics, history and international law. In their second and third year, students deepen their knowledge in the fields of European Union politics, International Organizations, Global Governance, International History, International Law and international economic processes. Students may select an area of concentration (Minors), such as European Peace & Security Studies, European Union Studies, Global Governance, History and History of Ideas.

The learning objectives of the International Affairs programme are the following:

1) The bachelor has a profound knowledge of the main actors and the main processes in European and global international affairs and is able to apply this knowledge in the current international affairs.

2) The bachelor has a demonstrable insight in the theoretical and historical frameworks in the academic literature on international affairs. He is able to apply these frameworks in order to understand and interpret the current processes and dynamics in international affairs.
3) The bachelor has insight into the broad societal context and is able to take this societal context into account in the analysis and interpretation of current problems in international affairs.

4) The bachelor knows and is able to apply common qualitative and quantitative research methods and is able to apply these in the field of international affairs.

5) The bachelor has an open and academic attitude, characterized by accuracy, critical reflection and academic curiosity.

6) The bachelor is able to apply a multi-disciplinary perspective in his analysis of international affairs.

7) The bachelor is able to work in a multi-cultural team.

8) The bachelor recognizes the importance of life-long learning.

9) The bachelor is able to communicate clearly, fluently and accurately; as well in a written report as in an oral presentation.

10) The bachelor is able to include ethical judgments in his analysis of current problems in international affairs and assesses the impact of these ethical judgments on the solutions proposed for current international affairs.

**Academic Core (7.5 ECTS each) 30 ECTS credits**
- Composition for Academic Communication (HUM 101P)
- Writing and Critical Inquiry (HUM 201P)
- Quantitative Methods (STA 101P)
- A course determined by International Affairs Department

**Free Electives 30 ECTS credits**

**Major Requirements 90 ECTS credits**

**Principles (7.5 ECTS credits each)**
- Economics (ECN 101P)
- History (HIS 101P)
- Introduction to International and European Law (LAW 101P)
- Politics (POL 101P)

**Intermediate Courses (6 ECTS credits each)**
- Macroeconomic Policy (ECN 203G)
- History: Methods and Problems (HIS 271G)
- Theories of International Relations (POL 212G)
- European Union Politics (POL 231G)
- Intermediate Research Methods (POL 271G)
Advanced Courses (6 ECTS credits each)
International Political Economy (ECN 321G)
Evolution of the International System 1914-1989 (HIS 301G)
Current Challenges in International Law (LAW 301G)
Contemporary Political Debates (POL 301G)
International Affairs Research Methods (POL 371G)

Major Electives (6 ECTS credits each)  
30 ECTS credits

Students should take 5 major electives, one of which is the capstone course. Major electives are 200- or 300-level POL or HIS courses that are not taken as a major requirement. Other courses, including summer courses, may be counted as a major elective only with the written approval of the International Affairs Department.

Any of the 200- or 300-level POL, HIS or LAW courses not listed as major requirements may be taken as major electives. Should students wish, major electives may be taken from the following:

Communication:
- Corporate Communication and Public Relations (CMM 242G)
- European Identities in Cross-Cultural Perspectives (CMM 302G)
- Marketing Communication & Advertising (CMM 341G)

Honour’s Essay (HON 393G)
Internship (INT 381G)

Students may compose their major electives towards a minor. For students taking a minor, please consult the section on minors (page 25).

International & European Law

Unique in Belgium, the B.A. in International and European Law provides the knowledge, skills and foundation needed for an international career related to law. It is ideal for students who are interested in learning more about international and European legal issues. This programme offers a hands-on introduction to legal concepts and theories while focusing on the primary sources of international and European law.

Embedded in both an academic and research-oriented context, the curriculum enables students to develop an understanding of legal systems around the world and how they interact, as well as the international system, the European integration process, and European and international law-making. Students will acquire practical skills through reading and analysing recent legal materials, cases and reporting documents. Students will also learn to write legal texts, deliver oral presentations, debate and interact in group sessions.

Finally, the Law Programme prepares students with the necessary skills and knowledge for legal and policy oriented professions in international and European organizations such as think-tanks, NGOs, governmental institutions, public affairs & lobbying, as well as the private sector. Successful completion of this degree will
also prepare students for advanced studies at the masters level in areas such as Competition Law, Human Rights, Intellectual Property Law, Environmental Law, European Law, International Business Law, etc.

The Law programme is based on the following four learning objectives:

1) General Knowledge
   - Acquire general knowledge of the substantive rules and principles of law, with a focus on both international and European law
   - Obtain an understanding of both the academic and practical aspects of the law while injecting multidisciplinary talent into the legal profession
   - Gain exposure to a wide spectrum of disciplinary approaches to legal study

2) Cognition
   - Acquire knowledge of terminology and concepts of international and European law
   - Gain an understanding of the international system and the European integration process
   - Develop a working knowledge of international law-making
   - Become familiar with the European institutions and the decision-making processes

3) Skills
   - Independently analyse the interplay between international and European Law in light of the historical, political and economic dimensions
   - Transpose the analysis of rules and events into independent research projects through use of appropriate research methods and tools
   - Communicate effectively the acquired knowledge and outcome of research projects
   - Develop an ability for group work and intercultural communication

4) Attitude
   - Stimulate critical attitudes with a sensitivity to the importance of legal and ethical considerations
   - Confront dominant, popular opinions with constructive criticism
   - Develop a reasoned, balanced and objective approach toward international and European law and regional sensitivities

**Academic Core (7.5 ECTS credits each)**

- Composition for Academic Communication (HUM 101P)
- Writing and Critical Inquiry (HUM 201P)
- Human Communication (CMM 101P)

**Free Electives**

- **30 ECTS credits**

**Major Requirements**

- **97.5 ECTS credits**

**Principles (7.5 ECTS credits each)**

- Economics (ECN 101P)
- Introduction to International and European Law (LAW 101P)
- Introduction to Legal Principles and Theories (LAW 102P)
- Business Law (LAW 111P)
- Politics (POL 101P)
**Intermediate Courses (6 ECTS credits each)**
- Criminal Law (LAW 203G)
- Advanced Business Law (LAW 211G)
- EU Constitutional Law (LAW 222G)
- Comparative Constitutional Law (LAW 231G)
- Methods: Legal Analysis, Research and Writing (LAW 271G)
- European Union Politics (POL 231G)

**Advanced Courses (6 ECTS credits each)**
- Rhetoric (CMM 371G)
- Human Rights (LAW 303G)
- Law of the EU Internal Market (LAW 322G)
- Contemporary Political Debates (POL 301G)

**Major Electives (6 ECTS credits each)**

**30 ECTS credits**

Students should take 5 major electives, of which one capstone course. Major electives are 200- or 300-level LAW courses that are not taken as a major requirement. Any of the 200- or 300-level LAW courses not listed as major requirements may be taken as major electives. Should students wish, major electives may also be taken from the following:

**Business:**
- Social Marketing (BUS 233G)

**Politics:**
- EU’s Common Foreign and Security Policy (POL 221G)
- The EU’s Approach to Democratization and Human Rights (POL 233G)
- International Organizations and Global Governance (POL 243G)

Honour’s Essay (HON 393G)
Internship (INT 381G)

Other courses, including summer courses, may be counted as a major elective only with the written approval of the Communications Department.

Students may compose their major electives towards a minor. For students taking a minor, please consult the section on minors below.

**Minors**

Students also have the possibility to choose a Minor. The programmes of all the majors include a number of minors, programmes that offer a number of courses specialising in a particular field of the same or a related discipline. Minors are specializations consisting of major electives and free electives. In cases where a minor consists of major requirements, students of that specific major may not choose that minor (see indications below).
To successfully complete a minor, students are required to pass at least four courses within their chosen minor, i.e. at least 24 ECTS credits. Students have the possibility to choose a minor from all the majors, regardless of their own major. Students are not required to do a minor, but those choosing to do so should declare their minor by the end of the first semester of the second year (SY2) at the latest.

The following minors are available:

**Minor in Art Studies**
- Art in Belgium (ART 101G)
- Introduction to Design (ART 102G)
- History of Western Music (ART 103G)
- Management of Art and Culture (BUS 214G)
- Intermediate French: Literature and Theater (LFR 202G)
- Film: History, Theories, Narration and Scriptwriting (CMM 261G)
- Art in Europe (ART 301G)
- Advanced French Literature (LFR302G)

**Minor in Economics**
- Microeconomics (ECN 311G)
- The European Economy (ECN 202G)
- International Political Economy (ECN 321G)
- History of Economic Thought (ECN 231G)
- The International Banking System (ECN 241G)
- International Trade (ECN 302G)
- Macroeconomics (ECN 201G)

**Minor in Marketing and Advertising**
- Marketing (BUS 231G)
- Social Marketing (BUS 233G)
- Sociology and Psychology of Marketing (BUS 234G)
- Business Writing and Social Networking Applications (CMM 243G)
- Corporate Communications and Public Relations (CMM 242G)
- Marketing Communication and Advertising (CMM 341G)
- Capstone: International Marketing (BUS 392G)

**Minor in Psychology**
- Introduction to Psychology (PSY 101G)
- Business Psychology (PSY 201G)
- Organisational Leadership (BUS 215G)
- Sociology and Psychology of Marketing (BUS 234G)
- Mass Psychology (PSY 301G)

**Minor in Strategic Management**
- Corporate Governance (BUS 212G)
- Corporate Strategy (BUS 216G)
- Business Executives Seminar (BUS 394G)
- Capstone: Entrepreneurship (BUS 391G)
Minor in Banking and Finance
The International Banking System (ECN 241G)
Financial Mathematics (BUS 223G)
Mergers, Acquisitions and Related Transactions (BUS 312G)
International Finance (BUS 325G)

Minor in Sustainable Development and Technological Innovation
Sustainable Development (BUS 261G)
Industrial Processes, Technology and Innovation (SCI 101G)
Management of Innovation and Technical Change (BUS 213G)
Business and Media Ethics (BUS 361G)
Environmental Law (LAW 302G)

Minor in European Peace and Security Studies (EPSS)
European Peace and Security Studies (POL 121G)
The EU’s Common Foreign and Security Policy (POL 221G)
Understanding Contemporary Conflicts in Europe (POL 222G)
NATO and Transatlantic Approaches to Security (POL 321G)
The EU and Military Approaches to Security (POL 322G)

Minor in European Union Studies
Political Institutions of European Countries (POL 232G)
The EU’s Approach to Democratisation and Human Rights (POL 233G)
European Identities in Cross-Cultural Perspectives (CMM 302G)
European and Global Governance of Migration (POL 332G)
Policies in the EU (POL 333G)

Minor in Global Governance
The Government and Politics of Global Powers (POL 241G)
Diplomacy and International Negotiations (POL 242G)
International Organisations and Global Governance (POL 243G)
The United Nations and Global Governance (POL 341G)
International Affairs Capstone (POL 391G)

Minor in History (not for IA students)
History: Methods and Problems (HIS 271G)
Evolution of the International System 1815-1914 (HIS 201G)
Evolution of the International System 1914-1989 (HIS 301G)
History of Transatlantic Relations (HIS 321G)
History of Genocide (HIS 311G)

Minor in History of Ideas
History of Western Philosophy (PHL 101G)
History and Philosophy of Science (PHL 201G)
History of Economic Thought (ECN 231G)
History of Political Thought (POL 302G)
Academic Requirements

Minor in European Law
International and EU Law Capstone (LAW 391G)
Competition Law (LAW 311G)
European Organizations (LAW 221G)
EU Law of Freedom, Security and Justice (LAW 321G)
EU's Common Foreign and Security Policy (POL 221G)

Minor in International Law
International and EU Law Capstone (LAW 391G)
Current Challenges in International Law (LAW 301G)
Environmental Law (LAW 302G)
Humanitarian Law (LAW 201G)
International Organizations and Global Governance (POL 243G)

Minor in International and European Business Law
International and EU Law Capstone (LAW 391G)
International Commercial Arbitration (LAW 212G)
Competition Law (LAW 311G)
International Banking and Financial Regulations (LAW 312G)
Intellectual Property Law (LAW 213G)